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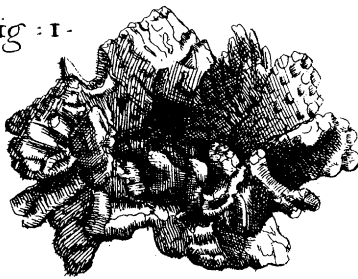
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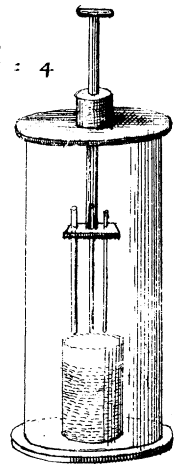
Fig: 1-



f = 3.



f = 4



* Aldeba-
ran

f = 2.



the Stones, the Sea Shells and other Marine Bodies found at Land ; and am now upon that of the Plants ; having only that of the Brute Animals, that of the Humane Bodies, and that of the Arts, to finish. Now as to this, at the same time that I will have more Regard to the Performing it in such a manner, as to render the Design Useful, than to the hurrying it to an End ; and you and the rest of my Friends may depend upon't, that I will not lose one single Hour that I can spare from the Exigences of my other Affairs, till I have accomplish'd the whole. I am

S I R,

Yours, &c.

J. Morton.

V. *An account of a very large Tumour in the fore part of the Neck, &c.* By Dr James Douglas.

I Lately had the opportunity of opening a Woman, about 50 years old, who had a very large Tumour, or hard Swelling, in the fore part of her Neck, possessing all the space between the whole extent of the lower Jaw and the upper part of the *Sternum*, with a considerable rising in its middle ; laterally its point inclining to the Left side, tho the biggest part of the Tumour was on the Right. The Skin on the *Apex* of this protuberating part was thin and shrivell'd, of a colour different from the rest, and lookt as if the Swelling would have broke in that place.

The Skin was exceeding thin, having no Fat under it, only in a cavity between two Lobes, to be afterwards described, on its Right side, there was a small appearance of some ; for the Skin being less stretcht there, the Cells of the *Membrana adiposa* were not quite empty.

The fleshy Fibres of the *Latissimus colli* were scarce visible.

The *Mastoidæus* and *Coraco-hyoidæus* were extremely thin, and in their ascent they adhered very firm to the subjacent Tumour.

The *Sterno-hyoidæus* and the *Sterno-thyreoidæus*, that run up the fore part of this Swelling, were distended so thin, that it was difficult to separate them from it, especially the last named.

The Right *Carotid* Artery, in its ascent to the Head, run along its outer edge, which encreasing, did much obstruct the current of the Blood that way.

The Internal *Jugular*, the *Par Vagum*, and the Inter-costal Pair went also over some part of this Swelling in their descent to the *Thorax*. Two of the Lymphatick Glands of the *Jugular* Vein were swelled to the bigness of little Eggs, being placed at some distance one from another, with a hollow between, where some Fat was found ; these two Lobes made the Tumour very uneven also on its Right side.

These Muscles, the *Jugular* with the two Glands adhering to it, and the rest of the fore-named Vessels being removed on both sides, I could easily observe the bigness, the figure and the circumscription or limits of this preternatural Tumour, with all its adhesion to the adjacent parts.

In Magnitude it seemed to exceed that of two Fists joyned together.

Its figure was almost triangular, with a broad Basis under the Chin, sloping a little on each side, as it descended to the upper part of the *Sternum*, where its point

was pretty narrow ; its surface was made uneven, by three risings, of which the largest was turned to the Left side ; the other two being placed on the Right, as above remarked.

It adhered by Membranous Filaments to the *Maxillar* Glands, to the *Digastrick* Muscle, and to the *Stylohyoidæus* ; under which, on the Right side, a small portion of it, in the form of a Nipple, did intrude itself as it were under the Tongue ; in the upper and fore-part it also adhered to the *Os hyoides*.

Laterally it was connected to the *Levator Scapulæ*, and lower down to that part of the *Cucullaris* that terminates into the *Clavicle*, backwards to all the fore-part of the *Aspera Arteria*, between its third or fourth Cartilaginous Ring and the *Os pectoris*, as also to that Muscle of the Head called *Rectus Internus major*, and to some part of the *Scaleni* ; its lower part was engaged under the *Jugulum*, or lunated part of the Breast-bone, to which it adhered.

It was easily freed from its connexions to all these different parts, but not so from the *Glandulæ Thyreoidææ*, to which it adhered after a far different manner ; for where the *Thyroidal* Glands are joyned to one another, a little below the *Cartilago Cricoides*, on the fore-part of the rough Artery, there was no separating of it without cutting its substance ; whence it plainly appears, that the Union of these Glands was the root or beginning of this excessive Tumour : And yet, which is very remarkable, the Glands themselves kept their usual figure, and were no larger than ordinary.

This Tumour was hard and very firm, being exactly of the consistence of a Cows Udder when boyled, yet in a few places it was softish, containing a liquid and thick Juice.

Its Colour was chiefly of a Whitish Yellow, only in some places it was exceeding Red, from its having a greater

greater store of Blood Vessels, and in others it was very White.

I was not a little surprized to hear the edge of my Knife grate against something hard, while I was cutting it, which made me proceed with caution; not to spoil whatever it was that made the resistance; I therefore pared off all the soft part, and the hard substance that remained I boyled, and then cleared it very well, having left sticking to it at one corner a soft Cartilaginous Body, which possibly, had the Patient lived longer, would have acquired the same degree of Induration. It very much resembles a piece of white unpolished Rock Coral; but whether it may be reckoned osseous, or if it be rather the Viscid Humour of the Glands hardened and concreted into this irregular Chalky or Gravelly Substance, or whatever else it may be, I leave, Sir, to your better Judgment to determine. See Fig. 1.

I remember about two years ago I found in the *Prostates* of a very old man a great many hard Bodies, like White Peas, being of a Substance exactly like this, only smother on the outside; some of these were in the Body of these Glands, others adhered by small Roots to the Muscular Membrane that Invests them. Fig. 2.

The first appearance of this large Swelling was about twenty years ago, caused by the breaking of a Vein, as the good Woman used to express it, in a hard and very difficult Labour. It increased but very slowly, not arriving to any considerable bulk till a few years before she dyed; it was never very painful, being a true Schirrhus: Many things by several Persons had been used and applied unsuccessfully. Its bigness at length became very troublesome, in impeding her Swallowing and free Breathing, and at last it quite choaked her, by compressing the Wind-pipe, upon which it lay.

But besides this, I observed another remarkable accident, which did much hasten her end, being very painful and troublesome for a year or two before she dyed.

The *Uterus* was entirely Shittrhous, and distended to that degree, that it filled up the whole Capacity of the *Pelvis*. Part of the *Colon* and *Ileon* adhered so firmly to it, that there could be no Separation without tearing: Both the *Ovaria* and the *Tubæ* grew close to it; and indeed the Confusion and Mixture of all these parts was so great, that if the *Ovaries* had not been swelled here and there with Hydatidal Tumours, I could not have distinguished them.

The Neck of the Womb was pressed down so low, that upon a very gentle dilatation of the *Labia* it offer'd itself to view, being extreamly hard, but yet smooth and even, and so closely shut, that I could pass nothing without cutting.

It had squeezed the *Vesica Urinaria* so close against the *Os Pubis*, that it could contain but little or no Urine, which obliged her to make it often, and with pain.

The pressure of this part backwards was so great upon the *Intestinum Rectum*, that the evacuation of *Fæces* had been obstructed for the space of five weeks before she dyed.

Indeed there was observed to come away *per Anum* for some considerable time a great deal of *Pus* and Slimy Matter, but that proceeded from the *Uterus*; for the Acrimonious Humour, which was wont to be discharged *per Vaginam*, having been pent up within its Cavity, by the close Constriction of the *Collum Uteri*, had corroded, and eat its way through the substance of the Womb into the *Rectum*, by which it had its vent: Which deplorable case I have more than once observed in Dissection.

The

The thickness of the Womb was near two inches, and in its bottom there was a great deal of this Humour, White and thick, which upon touching made the ends of my Fingers white and rough, by shrivelling the *Cuticula*, as if I had washed them with a strong Solution of some Acrid Lixivial Salt. Thus the Caustick Salt lodged in Soap affects the Hands of those Women that wash Linnen. It was very hard to take the *Uterus* out of the *Pelvis*, by reason of its so close adhesion to the neighbouring parts.

I had forgot to take notice, that the *Fæces Alvine*, contained in the Guts, were but few, by reason she could not swallow any thing solid for a long time, but very hard, and in several distinct Clots.